TUESDAY, JULY 16, 1918

Americans Block New German Drive; Teutons Hurled Back Across Marne

Another Paper. Kaiser-Owned Faces Inquiry

Several Other Arrests Expected Soon, Following Dr. Rumely Exposé

Dr. W. B. Hale Called "Propaganda Brains"

Deputy Attorney General Says Ex-Hearst Employe Headed Enemy "Service"

for this week in the government's campaign against the German controlled as of the country. It was learned that within the next few days drastic action will be taken against a powerful and influential newspaper which the slush fund gathered by Count von Bernstorff and Dr. Albert for the purose of establishing a German con-

The paper referred to is not a New Prior to our entrance into the war the used for Teutonic propaganda, but since the declaration of war it has adopted the same methods as "The Evening Mail" formerly used to negotiations to start before coming out again in its true colors.

Deputy Attorney General Alfred L. Becker, who is investigating the plot of the Germans to control the press of

rederal investigation of the leations between the German government and certain publishers in t

New Paths Are Opened

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It was learned last night that documentary evidence has been discovered that will open new paths of inquiry. Those associated with German propagranda funds.

It is too examined and forced to tell source of the examined and propagranda funds.

Hale came to New York from his summer home a tAshland, N. H., at the request of Mr. Becker. He refused to talk to newspaper men before the examination, except to say:

The point where they announced they would throw out of the sponsor of any resolution indorsing Hearst or his brand of patriotism.

Simmons Changes Front

So violent were the veterans in their opposition to the newspaper owner that even Past Commander in Chief Maurice Simmons, who had upheld the Hearst cause before the convention, amination, except to say:

Training great efforts on crossing the dward filtering into the deep wooded valleys and slopes between Fossoy and Dormans. The map will show the Marne here performing two giant curves, making it the easiest crossing point.

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On the shores of the Soviet government greatly strengthened their positions, thus heavily taxing the inadequate military machine of the Bo

Later, at his apartment, 362 River-side Drive, Mr. Hale said: "I was not summoned in the Rumely business, but Sert he was overwhelmed with surprise

Rave them printed information concerning Germany.

The success of the enterprise from the standpoint of the German propagations was so great that Edward Lyle Fox, a magazine correspondent, and a moving picture operator of the tume of Dawson were sent to Germany of Dawson were sent to Germany of Each or the service. They were well received by the Junkers and given every opportunity to gather kews and pictures. Some of the pictures taken by Dawson were used in this country for lectures by German propagandists.

Brie. (icans.)

Mr. Brancard said that if Mr. Simmons, who has publicly praised Hearst, does not bring the matter to the attention of the convention, it will be done by some one else. He said the matter by some one else. He said the matter had gone too far to be dropped. Mr. Brancard also had the following to say about the article by Mr. Simmons, who has publicly praised Hearst, does not bring the matter to the attention of the convention, it will be done by some one else. He said the matter does not bring the matter to the attention of the convention, it will be done by some one else. He said the matter does not bring the matter to the attention of the convention, it will be done by some one else. He said the matter to the attention of the convention, it will be done by some one else. He said the matter to the attention of the convention, it will be done by some one else. He said the matter to the attention of the convention, it will be done by some one else. He said the matter to the attention of the convention, it will be done by some one else. He said the matter to the attention of the convention, it will be done by some one else. He said the matter to the attention of the convention, it will be done by some one else. He said the matter to the attention of the convention, it will be done by some one else. He said the matter to the attention of the convention, it will be done to for the convention, it will be done to far the proper to for the convention, it will be done to for the convention, it will be

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Enemy Delayed Drive On Weather Men's Tip

PARIS, July 15 .- The German offensive which started this morning had been held up for severallays' because the German meteorological experts had advised the high army command that the bad weather prevailing would soon and and conditions would be much more favorable for the attack. This statement was made to-day by an American army officer whose rank accords him the right to speak with authority.

The officer said the Germans had sixty weather experts at the front and that much importance always was attached to their reports, a statement which seems to be verified by the fact that in all the previous German offensives the weather has been favorable for the operations of the enemy.

Veterans End Hearst Hopes For Whitewash

Fighters of '98 Shout "Down With Hearst!" as Convention Opens

The United Spanish War Veterans, assembled in convention here, will not days, began from Château Thierry give William Randolph Hearst the coat to Main de Massiges. of whitewash he had hoped for at their hands. The meeting to-day, at which the newspaper owner and his policies in two main attacks eastward from were considered, bore witness that the Fort Pompelle to Main de Massiges presence of the Police Band, sent to grace the convention by Mr. Hearst, and from Château Thierry to west

Cries of "Down with Hearst!" again and again interrupted the Rev. Otho F. Barthelow in his address assailing the

The efforts of the Hearst agents, who circulated among the delegates rethis by their employer, only succeeded in the entire eastward end of the bat-

questions of this kind

came to town of my own volition. When a certain New York paper mentioned me in connection with Rumely's affairs owner of "The American" and "Jour-

Continued on last page

AmericanLine Bears Brunt of German Thrust

Pershing Forces Fighting Elite of Crown Prince's Army Near Dormans

Attack East of Rheims a Feint

Plan There Is to Hold the French From Aiding Comrades

By Wilbur S. Forrest (Special Cable to The Tribune)

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, July 15 (Noon) .- The heaviest fighting along the fifty-mile battle line where the enemy launched an attack at dawn to-day is occurring in the Marne Valley, roughly from Dormans to Fossoy. American troops are fighting valiantly with the French in the great battle, side by side at certain points.

At 11 o'clock Sunday night the French artillery of all calibres opened up all along the battle line. At midnight, one hour later, the massed German guns, silent for

had only aroused the warlike feelings of Rheims. The enemy attempted no infantry action in the vicinity of Rheims, hoping to sweep around it

East End of Line Holds

The earliest reports are that the minding them of past favors extended enemy has practically been held on stirring up several members of the tle line. The Germans are concenconvention to the point where they an- trating great efforts on crossing the

"I do not wish to make any statement turned from his former stand and as- edge will come within a few days, mansk has been considerably reinforced "I do not wish to make any statement new, except to say that I have met Dr. serted it was his conviction that the when it is shown how many diviRumely two or three times, but that I veterans had no right to interfere in sions the enemy had concentrated for to-day's beginning.

He is striking hard and the American troops will have their chance.

came to town of my own volutions as extrain New York paper mentioned a certain New York paper mentioned as in connection with Rumely's affairs I telephoned Mr. Becker from my sum make a statement. I was with him this afternoon, and informed him that I should like to appear before him and make a statement. I was with him this afternoon, and informed him that I had absolutely no material knowledge of Rumely's activities. I have met the man once or twice casually, and that is all.

Hale Defends His Loyalty

"I might add that I am a patrictic, loyal American, and the publicity Siven me in this matter is far from Becker himself."

The method of the county committee of Tambang Beasant. Any further statement about what happened in Mr. Becker would not go into detail Mr. Becker would

the German information service in this city during the year 1915," he said.

Question Kaiser's Press Agent

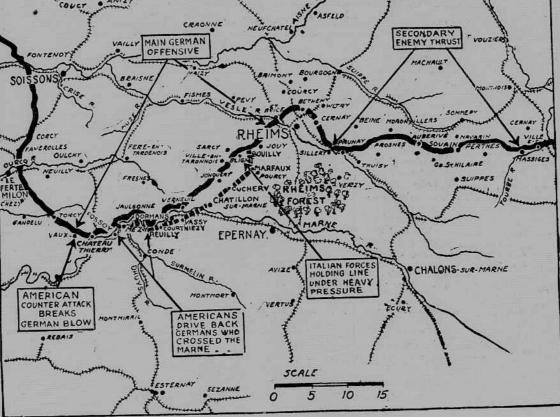
Mathew Claussen, the former publicity director of the Hamburg-American Line, who was also connected with the German information service, was called to Mr. Becker's office yesterday to tell what he knew of the organization. At the time of the establishment of the service it was generally understood that Claussen was the head and director. The organization was founded shortly after the outbreak of the service it was generally understood that Claussen was the head sand director. The organization was founded shortly after the outbreak of the service it was generally understood that Claussen was the head sand director. The organization was founded shortly after the outbreak of the service it was generally after the countered Hylan was because he knew Hylan would stand by him. Hearst now wants to be cleared of the stain of pro-Germanias and the was possible so he can enter the race for governor, and Hylan would stand by him. Hearst now wants to be cleared of the stain of pro-Germanias and Hylan would stand by him. Hearst now wants to be cleared of the stain of pro-Germanias and Hylan would stand by him. Hearst now wants to be can enter the race for governor, and Hylan would stand by him. Hearst now wants to be cleared of the stain of pro-Germanias and Hylan would stand by him. Hearst now wants to be cleared of the stain of pro-Germanias and Hylan would stand by him. Hearst now wants to be cleared of the stain of pro-Germanias and Hylan would stand by him. Hearst now wants to be cleared of the stain of pro that the attack east of Rheims is merely a diversion in an effort to hold the French forces on that part of the line while the heavy masses of troops to the westward make the of the line while the heart make the of troops to the westward make the tack.

The protest of the Lenine government of th

may plan, if his advance makes headway south of the Marne, to face westward along the west side of the Champagne salient and begin his cities of Moscow and Petrograd al-

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MAIN GERMAN



THE FIFTH GERMAN DRIVE

In their attack launched early yesterday along a fifty-mile battlefront east and west of Rheims the Germans succeeded in pushing forward only on the east wing of the Champagne salient, southwest of Rheims, gaining the territory included between the solid and dotted lines on the map, and in crossing the Marne between Château Thierry and Dormans. The dotted line indicates the approximate fighting zone on the scene of their advance at latest reports.

Allied Forces Begin Advance Upon Moscow

Troops Marching South From Murmansk, Despite **Bolshevik Protests**

WASHINGTON, July 15 .- Although overshadowed by the tremendous develsituation in Russia and Siberia is daily

and is understood to be advancing southward along the railroad toward Vologda and Moscow.

It is admitted officially that there said. are some American sailors and marines in the neighborhood of Kola, but

But although Mr. Simmons admitted the service it was generally understood that Claussen was the head and direct. The organization was founded shortly after the outbreak of the war and had offices in Forty-second Street, near Fifth Avenue, where taken printed information concerning Germany.

The success of the enterprise from the standpoint of the German proparation of John Brancard, of Mount Mr. Simmons admitted whitewashed by the Spanish Wr. Simmons admitted where where and fave them printed information concerning Germany.

The success of the enterprise from the standpoint of the German proparation of John Brancard, of Mount Wernon, a delegate, Mr. Brancard said that if Mr. Simmons of Dewson were sent to Germany who has publicly preised Hearst, and a moving picture operator of the convention, it will be done by some one class. He said the matter had gone too far to be dropped. Mr. Brancard also had the following to say about the article by Mr. Simmons commending Mr. Hearst in yosterday's "New York American"; "The article lauding Mr. Hearst in yesterday's 'New York American'; is may plan, if his advance makes of the metal propagation of Czecho-Slovak that quarter, is regarded as of great importance as indicating may plan, if his advance makes to the service of the Lenine government to cross the Marne Hearst effort to cross the Marne Hearst effort to cross the Marne Hearst and his newspapers won't be where where where where where where submitted that Claussen was the head the withewashed by the York and his newspapers won't be between Fossoy and Dormans and advance southward along the wich ment against the Entente operations in the north is believed to have been a warner of the small River Dhuys in dynamic against the Entente operations in the north is believed to have been a davance southward along the vicinity of the small River Dhuys in the general dynamic against the Entente of haven between Fossoy and Dormans and davance southward along the vicinity of the small River Dhuys in the north is believed to have

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American Victory Announced In Commons by Bonar Law

LONDON, July 15 .- Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced in the House of Commons to-night that the Americans had captured a thousand or more prisoners south of the Marne, after having driven back the enemy. Mr. Bonar Law read the following communication to the House:

"The enemy attacked early this morning on a front of ninety kilometres, pretty evenly divided east and west of Rheims. The city itself was not attacked West of Rheims the Germans penetrated on a front of 36

kilometres (22.37 miles), to an average depth of from four to "South of the Marne, by a brilliant' counter attack, the

American troops drove the enemy back and took a thousand or more prisoners. "East of Rheims the enemy has been heavily repulsed and has suffered a complete check."

Sir Walter Runciman said that the House would wish to offer congratulations not only to the French but to the American troops, who had justified themselves not for the first time on a

The Official Statements

BERLIN, July 15 .- The reports from general headquarters to-day Division has made repeated attempts miles to the Marne.

NIGHT. To the southwest and east of Rheims we penetrated into parts

DAY .- Southwest of Ypres the enemy attacked yesterday morning after strong artillery preparation and penetrated our fighting zone on a limited

There was artillery activity throughout the day on both sides of the Lys. It was revived during the evening on the remainder of the front. Between the Aisne and the Marne the fighting continued lively. Local infantry engagements have taken place south of St. Pierre Aigle and in the

Allies Holding German Thrust Along 60-Mile Front

PARIS, July 15 .- The statements from the War Office to-day say: NIGHT .- The German attack launched this morning at 4:30 o'clock continued throughout the day on both sides of Rheims with equal violence. West of Rheims desperate engagements were fought in the region of Reuilly, Courthiezy and Vassy, south of the Marne, which the enemy succeeded in crossing at several points between Fossov and Dormans.

A spirited counter attack carried out by the American troops drove ack on the right bank of the river enemy contingents who had reached that bank southweast of Fossoy. Between Dormans and Rheims the Franco-Italian troops resisted with

East of Rheims the enemy attack, which extended from Sillery to the Main de Massiges, hit up against an irreducible defence. The enemy multiplied his efforts on Prunay and Les Marquises and in the regions north of.

tenacity along the line of Chatillon-sur-Marne, Cuchery, Marfaux and

Prosnes and Souain, but was not able, despite repeated attacks, to cut into DAY. After violent artillery preparations the German s attacked this morning from Château Thierry as far as the Main de Massiges. French troops are meeting energetically the shock of the enem

front of about eighty kilometres. The pattle is in progress. British Advance Again on Somme, Haig Reports LONDON, July 15 .- Field Marshal Haig's announcements to-day

NIGHT. This morning we again advanced our line slightly in the neighborhood of Villers-Bretonneux and drove off a party of the enemy

which attacked one of our posts, The total number of prisoners taken in yesterday's operations at French Make Surprise Attack on Enemy's Lines, Says Rome

ROME, July 15 .- The following official communication was issued the Italian War Office to-day:

Continued on next page

Pershing's Men Rout Foe, Taking Over 1,000 Captives

Battle Continues With Intense Ferocity Along 50-Mile Front, but Allied Staffs Believe Teuton Rush Is Temporarily Halted; French Retire 2 Miles at Some Points

U. S. Forces at Vaux Advance 700 Yards and Then Retire Voluntarily

Enemy Suffers Enormous Losses as U.S. Machine Gunners Mow Them Down at Pontoon Heads and Dense Barrages Trap Waves of Oncoming Shock Forces

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE MARNE, July -A strong American counter attack south of the river head completely upset the Germans, who had crossed the Marne this morning, and they broke in retreat.

German prisoners captured in the counter attack by the Americans at the bend of the Marne number between 1,000 and 1,500. They include a complete brigade staff. The American troops drove the enemy back all the way

from the vicinity of Condé, three and three-quarters miles south of the river, to the railway skirting the Marne in the region southwest of Jaulgonne. This position is now being held. The French general commanding the group of armies on

this sector sent a congratulatory message this afternoon to the American general commanding the forces which beat back the

The fighting continues with fierce battle rages with equal ferocity on reaching his objective he was still the right, where the French are re- far away from it. ported to have delivered a smashing While fighting in the open contin

the eye can see the big guns were cover and met the oncoming Boche. still flashing and roaring to-night, Machine gunners moved forward

all day to cross, but all assaults have Attack Begins at Daylight been smashed by the splendidly directed fire of the American gunners, The Germans at daylight launched up to 9 o'clock to-night.

breaking up the early Boche plans, gas shells throughout the night. for they stuck to their posts and Reports from Vaux at 1:40 o'clock poured deadly streams of bullets into this afternoon indicated that the the enemy, and only withdrew when Americans had advanced their line their guns were so hot they could not in this region in the face of the de-

Americans Pile Up Dead

happened to be in a place where the their original line for strategic rea-Germans were anxious to erect a sons. bridge. The American bullets piled up the German dead on the opposite Barrage Breaks Up Enemy emy started to cross.

six pontoon bridges hurriedly thrown sector. over the stream, and masses of in- The Vaux district is comparative fantry swarmed forward. The artil- ly calm now bridges being blown up.

After sharp artillery work Ger- the Americans swarmed out and man troops advanced behind a great met the attack with a rain of masmoke cloud, which completely chine gun bullets. The Americans obscured them for a time from view. wore their gas masks as they fought. The low visibility also aided the Reports from the front received enemy in his operations.

Flee Before U. S. Attack

On the Asiago Plateat French detachments carried out two surprise nine miles distant. The Americans desperate fighting. and French held up this advance

intensity in this district, while the after the time set by the enemy for

enemy. From this ued heroically, the American counter section of the battlefront it appears attack was organized. Light artilthat the German offensive, at least lery was hurried into position. It for the time being, has been badly concentrated a heavy fire at short range, and when this fire had ceased Along the front as fas as the American infantry dashed from

and the battle gave no sign of di- and lying on the ground poured a minishing. American staff officers, stream of bullets into the enemy, nevertheless, expect that the position The fierceness of the fire brought the will be even more improved by morn- Germans up short. They would not face the steel, and, hesitatingly at The Americans now command the first, finally broke and fell back river front at the bend. At the left Within three hours the Americans of the bend the famous German 10th had driven them two and a half

and not a single German had suc- a violent attack against the Americeeded in getting over at this point can positions west of Chateau Thierry, especially near Vaux. The at-American machine gunners along tack came after a very violent bomthe river assisted materially in bardment with high explosives and

termined enemy attack.

The advance extended a distance of approximately 700 yards, but the One group of machine gunners Americans subsequently withdrew to

side of the river every time the en- The American barrage here broke up the enemy waves and drove them South of Jaulgonne the enemy back in confusion. Twenty-eight crossed the Marne this morning on Germans were taken prisoner in this

lery constantly had the bridges un- During the Germans' opening bomder the heaviest fire, and at least two bardment the Americans sought direct hits were made, two of the shelter wherever it was available. When the enemy infantry appeared

at about 9 a. m. said the Americans were holding their own in the fighting, maintaining their positions. "The Germans promptly started Reports from American advance poto fight their way to the south, have sitions said that the troops were ing as their objective a point about "handling the enemy well" in the

It is clear that the German atto such an extent that two hours tack in the Vaux region complete-